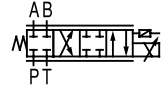
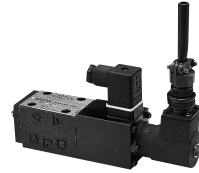


High-response proportional flow control valve ESH-G01

10 to 50 ℓ /min
32MPa



Features

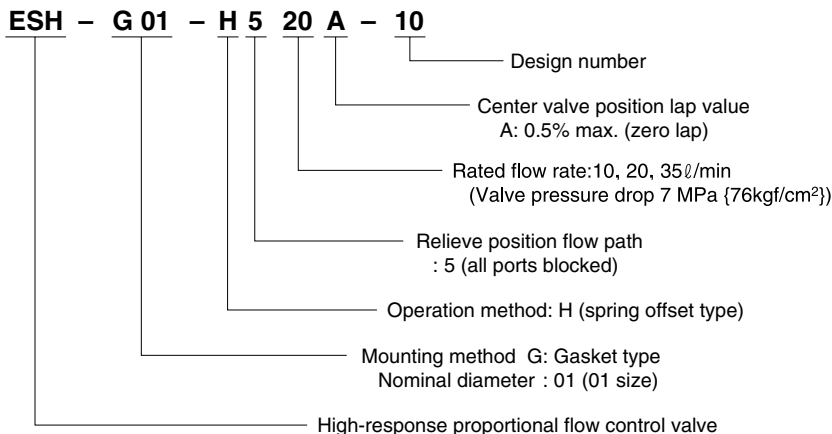
- Frequency response equivalent to an electro-hydraulic servo valve.
- Direct spool by a high-output proportional solenoid.
- Differential transformer for accurate spool positioning with minor feedback.
- Recovery of all port block positions following amp power off or wiring disconnection (Failsafe Function).
- Steel spool and spring for long life.

Specifications

Item	Model No.	ESH-G01-H510A-10	ESH-G01-H520A-10	ESH-G01-H540A-10
Maximum Operating Pressure P, A, B MPa(kgf/cm ²)		32{327}		
T Port Allowable Back Pressure MPa(kgf/cm ²)		2.5 {25.5} max.		
Rated Flow Rate ℓ /min (Valve pressure drop 7MPa{71kgf/cm ² })		10	20	35
Maximum Flow Rate ℓ /min		22	35	50
Limit Valve Pressure Drop MPa(kgf/cm ²)		32{327}	21{214}	14{143}
Hysteresis %		0.5 max.		
Step Response ms (0→100% Displacement)		16 max. (Note 1)		
Frequency Response Hz (90° Phase Delay ±10% Displacement)		At least 80 (Note 1)		
Center Drift	Supply Pressure	0.5% max/FS (Δp=25MPa{255kgf/cm ² })		
	Fluid Temperature	1.5% max/FS (Δt=40°C)		
Filtration		Class NAS9 max.		
Operating Fluid Temperature Range °C (Recommended Fluid Temperature Range °C)		0 to 60 (30 to 60)		
Water and Dust Resistance		IP53		
Weight kg		2.3		

Note) 1. Step response is typical value for a supply pressure of 7MPa {71kgf/cm²} and fluid temperature of 40°C (kinematic viscosity: 40mm²/s).

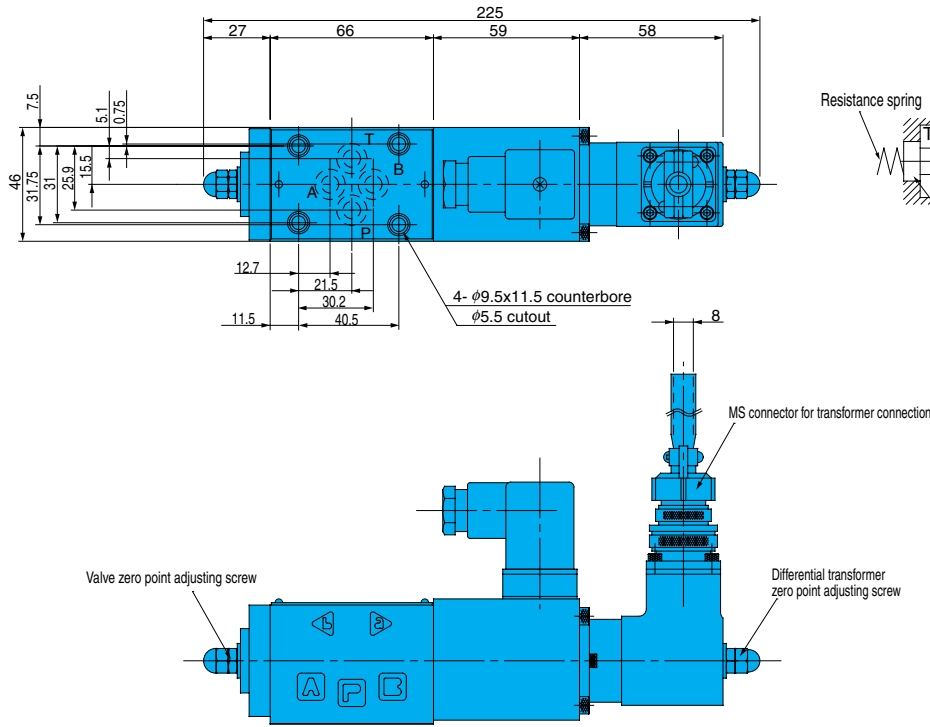
Understanding Model Numbers



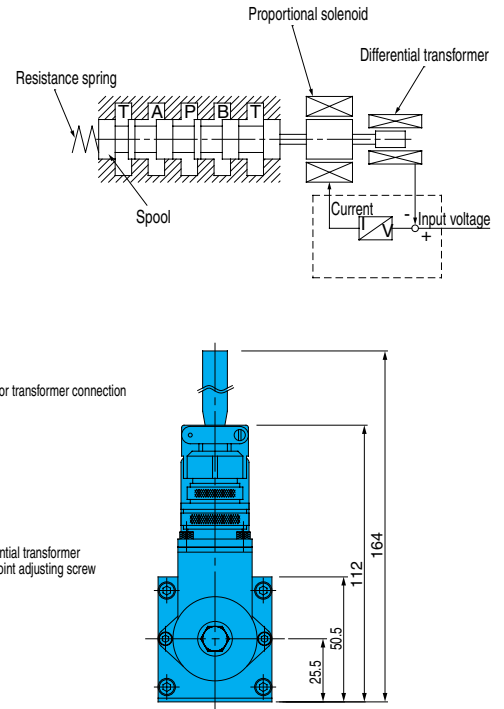
• Handling

- The amp and valve are adjusted to match at the factory, so be sure to use items that have the same MFG No.
- The differential transformer zero adjust screw and valve zero adjust screw are adjusted and fixed at the factory. Because of this, you should not touch the screws (sealed cap nuts).
- Install the valve so the spool axis line is horizontal.
- In the case of 3-port applications and for the direction that throughflow is most common, use of the following flow is recommended P→A→B→T. P→A limit differential pressure is greater than that of P→B.
- Be sure to perform sufficient flushing before a test run.
- Use steel piping for this valve and the main actuator, and keep piping as short as possible.
- There is no air bleeding.
- Mineral oil hydraulic operating fluid is standard. Use an R&O type and wear-resistant type of ISO VG32, 46, or 68 or equivalent.
- Use an operating fluid that conforms to the both of the following.
Kinematic viscosity : 20 to 140mm²/s
Oil temperature : 30 to 60°C
- Filtration
Maintain hydraulic operating fluid contamination so it is at least NAS Class 9.
- Electrical wiring between the amp and valve should be no longer than 30 meters. For the solenoid valve use VCTF 2 mm² 2-conductor shielded wire, and for the differential transformer use VCTF 0.5 mm² 4-conductor shielded wire.
- After disassembling the valve, be sure to fill the inside of the guide with operating fluid before reassembling.
- Bundled Accessories (Valve Mounting Bolts)
M5 x 45 ℓ, (four)
Tightening Torque : 5 to 7N · m{51 to 71kgf · cm}

Installation Dimension Drawings

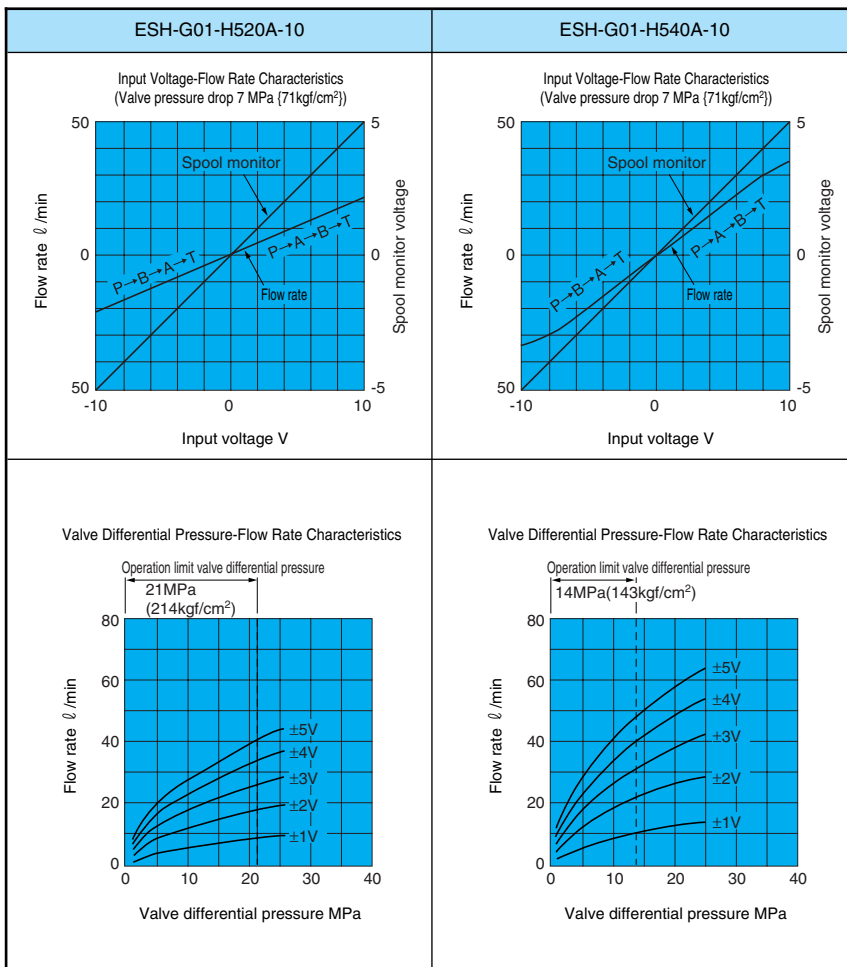


Operational Principle



The gasket mounting method conforms to ISO4401-AB-03-4-A.

Performance Curves



Note) ±10V input amp factory default data.
Rotating the GAIN trimmer clockwise (rightward) increases the flow rate by up to 10%.

• Valve Pressure Drop and Rated Flow Rate

$$\text{Valve Pressure Drop}(\Delta P_x) = P_s - P_L - P_T$$

P_s : Valve supply pressure

P_L : Load pressure

P_T : T Port back pressure

The rated flow rate is the value when the above valve pressure drop is 7MPa {71kgf/cm²}.

• Valve Pressure Drop and Control Flow Rate

The following is the maximum control flow rate when the size of the obtained valve pressure drop is ΔP_x ,

$$Q_x = Q_{rate} \times \sqrt{\frac{\Delta P_x}{7}}$$

Q_{rate} : Rated flow rate

$$\Delta P_x = P_s - P_L - P_T$$

• Calculation example

When ESH-G01-H520A-10 is used under the following conditions:

$P_s = 10\text{MPa}\{102\text{kgf/cm}^2\}$

$P_L = 6\text{MPa}\{61\text{kgf/cm}^2\}$

$P_T = 1\text{MPa}\{10\text{kgf/cm}^2\}$

Maximum control flow rate Q_x is as shown below:

$$Q_x = Q_{rate} \times \sqrt{\frac{P_s - P_L - P_T}{7}} = 20 \times \sqrt{\frac{10 - 6 - 1}{7}} = 13\ell / \text{min}$$